MS Office 365 Optimize

Overview

We will guide users how to deploy a NF Gateway to optimize the connectivity to Microsoft O365 Services. The services that will be optimized are share-point and one-drive
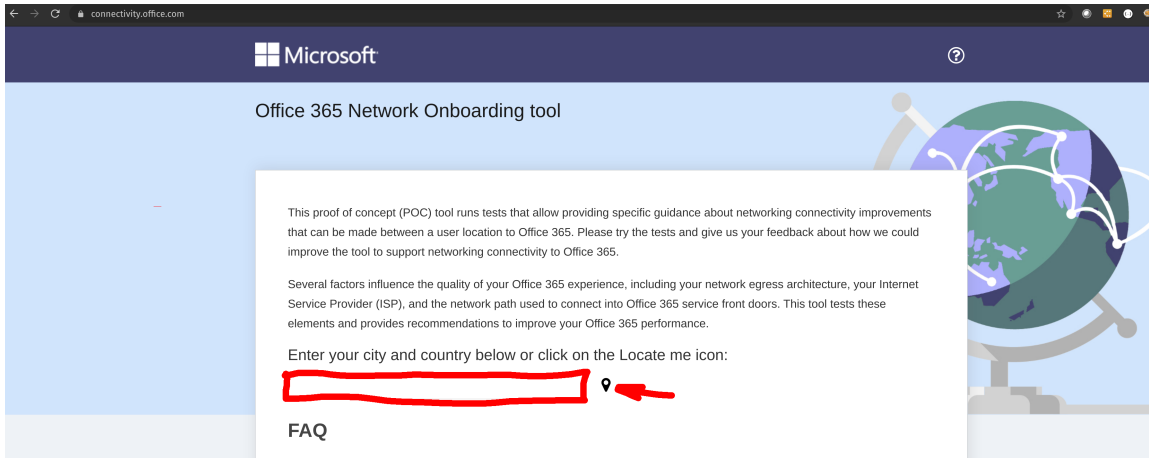
Microsoft deployed content delivery network (CDN), where they offer many entry points around the World to access Office 365 Services like sharepoint, onedrive, etc. By providing these "front doors" (also known as) to O365 services, MS wanted to improve user experience by optimizing reach-ability and access. With that in mind, Microsoft is pushing Enterprises to utilize this CDN by creating O365 bypass at the edge of the Enterprise Network. The bypass is a configuration change, where a policy routing is enforced to allow the 0365 services to be short circuited to the Internet. The idea is to avoid going through a central location, where all content is inspected and checked for security threats before released to World Wide Web.

NetFoundry Edge has the ability to provide such bypass if desired, but in this Quickstart we are showing how our customers can configure NF Network to complement the MS CDN, utilize their optimization and still keep using NF Secure tunnels for connectivity.

Find the Closest Front Door

Microsoft created an online tool to test from user's location, where the best entry to their Network is. Please open a browser on your windows computer and type the following url https://connectivity.office.com/.

As it is stated there, click on the location icon. Once the test is finished, it will show where the closest location is.

Office 365 Network Onboarding tool

This proof of concept (POC) tool runs tests that allow providing specific guidance about networking connectivity improvements that can be made between a user location to Office 365. Please try the tests and give us your feedback about how we could improve the tool to support networking connectivity to Office 365.

Several factors influence the quality of your Office 365 experience, including your network egress architecture, your Internet Service Provider (ISP), and the network path used to connect into Office 365 service front doors. This tool tests these elements and provides recommendations to improve your Office 365 performance.

Enter your city and country below or click on the Locate me icon:

FAQ

| Results and impact | Details and solutions |

1 Proof of concept user tests

Test	Result
User location ?	▬▬▬▬▬▬, United States found by Web browser
Network egress location ?	▬▬▬▬▬, US
User to network egress distance ?	✅ 1 miles (3 kilometers)

2 Proof of Concept tests to Exchange Online service front door

Test	Result
Office 365 Exchange Online service front door location ?	✅ Ashburn, VA, US (28 ms).
	Alpharetta

In our example, the user's closest location is Ashburn, VA (Azure USEAST).

E3 C9 Select Region

Make sure you replace "Your Region" with the location of Azure DC given by the location tool.

Most of the time, our Orchestration Platform will optimize the network to provide direct connectivity from where you are and Azure GW you are about to create. We will test if that is the case. We continuously update our optimization algorithm to pick the best path all the time based on ongoing data collection and feedback from the network fabric.

Through NF Web Console UI
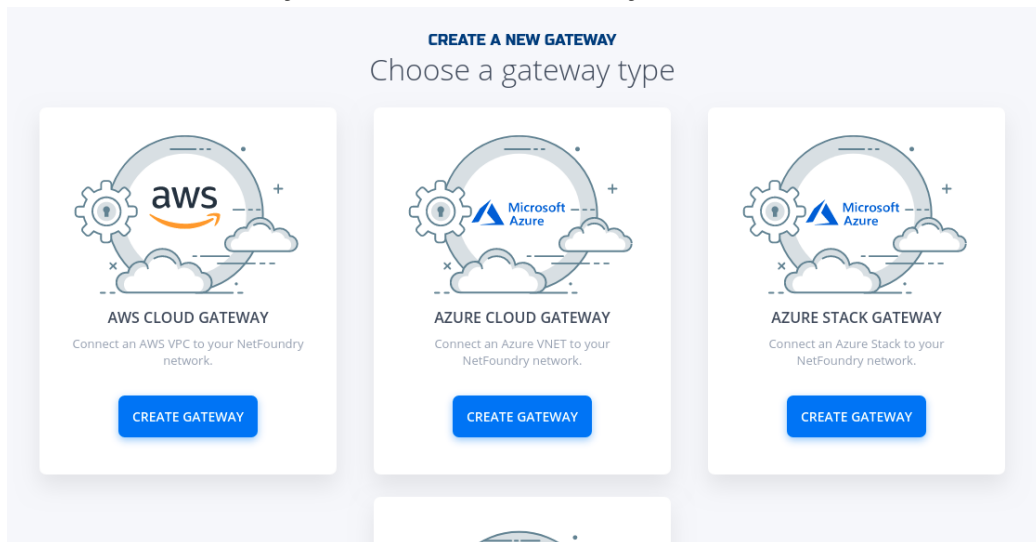
Create and Deploy NF Azure Gateway

This section will guide a user through the steps on how to create a NF Manage Gateway in the NF Console UI and install it in the Azure vNet.
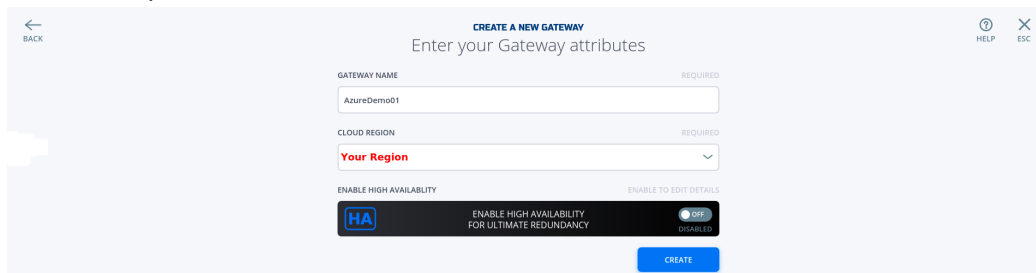
Console UI

1. Navigate to Manage Gateways Page

2. Click on + sign in the top right corner.

3. Click on "Create Gateway" on the Azure Cloud Gateway Card

CREATE A NEW GATEWAY
Choose a gateway type

AWS CLOUD GATEWAY
Connect an AWS VPC to your NetFoundry network.
CREATE GATEWAY

AZURE CLOUD GATEWAY
Connect an Azure VNET to your NetFoundry network.
CREATE GATEWAY

AZURE STACK GATEWAY
Connect an Azure Stack to your NetFoundry network.
CREATE GATEWAY

4. Fill in the required information and click on "Create"

5. Copy the Client Registration Key
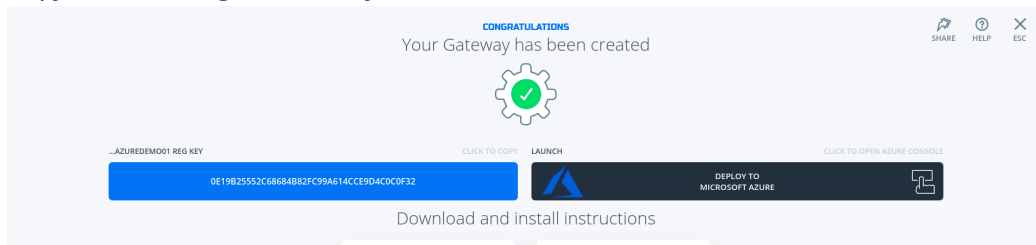
6. Click on "Deploy to Microsoft Azure". It will take you to the Azure Portal and ask you for your login credentials.

7. You will be presented with the template that needs to be filled. The first section is the Basics regarding your Subscription and Resource Group this gateway will be deployed in.

BASICS

Subscription *	Your Subscription Name ⌄
Resource group *	Your Resource Group Name ⌄
	Create new
Location *	(US) East US ⌄

8. The second section related to resources associated with this gateway. e.g. vm name, ip address space, security groups, etc. you will paste the registration key copied in step 5. You will also need the public ssh key to use for access to this gateway remotely.

SETTINGS

Location	Your Region
Network Interface Name	azuredemo01-if
Security Group Name	azuredemo01-sg
Virtual Network Name	azuredemo01-vnet
Address Prefix	10.0.8.0/24
Subnet Name	default
Subnet Prefix	10.0.8.0/24
Public Ip Address Name	azuredemo01-ip
Public Ip Address Type	Dynamic
Public Ip Address Sku	Basic
Virtual Machine Name	azuredemo01 ✓
Virtual Machine RG	nf-sandbox
Os Disk Type	Premium_LRS
Virtual Machine Size	Standard_B1ms
Nfreg Key * ⓘ	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• ✓
Admin Username ⓘ	nfadmin
Ssh Key Data * ⓘ	ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAABAQCjga67wcoISXaD1bswknLrejRYtZ... ✓

9. You will need to agree to Azure Marketplace Terms and Conditions and click to "Purchase" to continue.

10. If the NF Gateway was deployed successfully. Here is the view of the Resource Group and NF Conole UI.

11. Done

⬚⬚ Create SharePoint & OneDrive Services

Once can find the ip address that are allocated by Microsoft for SharePoint and OneDrive service. Click on this link and write them down

We only required to use "Optimize Required" (ID 31), and they are 13.107.136.0/22, 40.108.128.0/17, 52.104.0.0/14, 104.146.128.0/17, 150.171.40.0/22. Create 5 services by repeating the next section for each of them. Replace Network Address in Step 4 with the ones above and Intercept Ports with 80, 443.
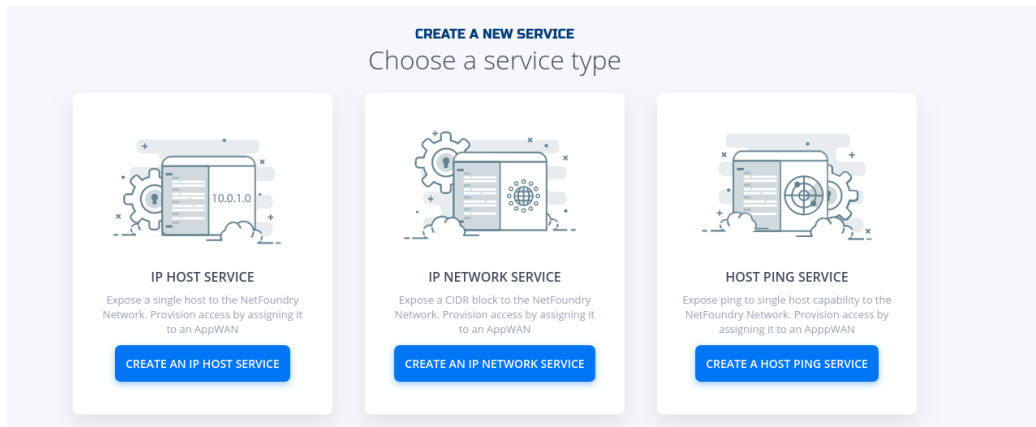
Create IP Network Service

This section will guide a user through the steps on how to create a NF Service.

1. Navigate to Manage Services Page under Manage Appwans

2. Click on + sign in the top right corner.
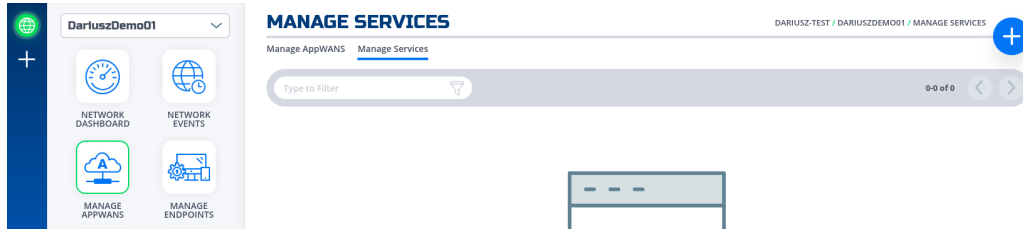
3. Click on "Create an IP Network Service"

4. Fill in the required information for the Network your wanting to access.

CREATE A NEW IP NETWORK SERVICE

Enter your service attributes

SERVICE NAME   REQUIRED

access-to-10.0.0.0/24

GATEWAY   REQUIRED

AWS-us-east-1-Gateway01   ⌄

NETWORK ADDRESS   REQUIRED

10.0.0.0/24

INTERCEPT ADDRESS

10.0.0.0/24

PORT INTERCEPT MODE   REQUIRED

Specific Ports   ⌄

SPECIFY INTERCEPT PORTS AND RANGES   REQUIRED

22

SPECIFY EXCLUDED INTERCEPT PORTS AND RANGES   REQUIRED

Example: 1271, 1800-1871

ADVANCED OPTIONS   OPEN TO EDIT DETAILS

ADVANCED OPTIONS   ⌄

CREATE

🔲 **Important**

Please make sure the service you want to access is behind the gateway you specify here.

---

5. If successfully, the service is green.

MANAGE SERVICES   / MANAGE SERVICES

Manage AppWANS   Manage Services

Service Name	Type	Protocol	IP Address	Intercept IP	Port Range
● DemoServiceSsh	IP Host	TCP	10.0.8.5	10.0.8.5	22 - 22

6. Done

All services configured.

Create AppWan

This section will guide a user through the steps on how to enable service connectivity to users by creating an appwan.

Console UI

1. Navigate to Manage AppWANS Page under Manage Appwans

2. Click on + sign in the top right corner.
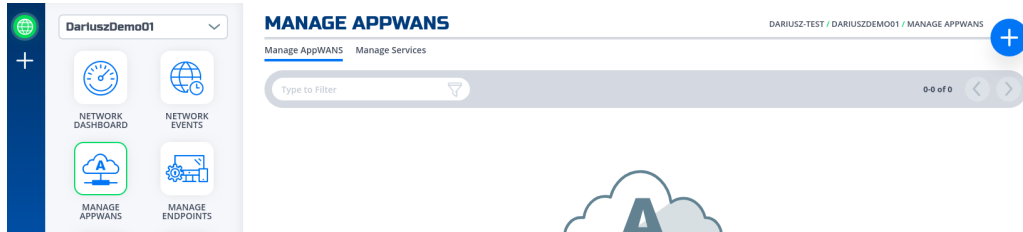
3. Click on "Component Builder Appwan"

IMPORT YOUR APPWAN AS CODE

Prefer working in code? Simplify provisioning of your AppWAN, Services, and Endpoints.

CREATE APPWAN

COMPONENT BUILDER APPWAN

If you already have gateways, clients and services setup this is the choice for you.
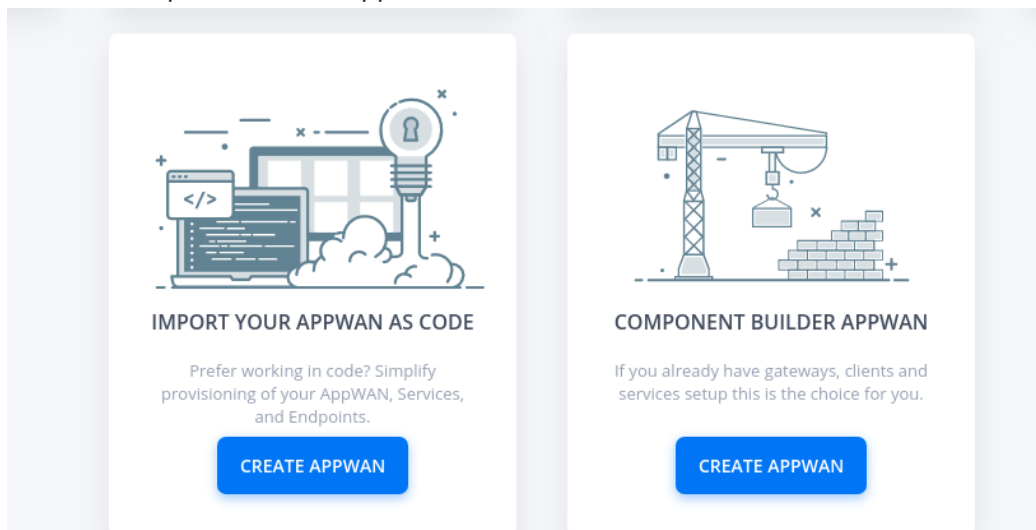
CREATE APPWAN

4. Move the desired gateway (e.g. DemoGateway01) from "Available" Gateways to "Selected" Endpoints. Move the desired service (e.g. DemoServiceSsh) from "Available" to "Selected"

Services.

CREATE A NEW APPWAN

Choose from existing components, or add new ones

1 APPWAN NAME   REQUIRED

DemoAppWan

2 ADD CLIENTS, GATEWAYS, OR ENDPOINT GROUPS

Search for Endpoints

AVAILABLE GROUPS   ADD NEW ⊕   SELECTED ENDPOINTS

                                                  🟢 YourBranchGatewayName   ⚙

AVAILABLE CLIENTS   ADD NEW ⊕

                                          ←
                                          →

AVAILABLE GATEWAYS   ADD NEW ⊕

🟢 AzureDemo01

3 ADD SERVICES

Search for a Service

AVAILABLE SERVICES   ADD NEW ⊕   SELECTED SERVICES

                                                  DemoServiceSsh

                                          ←
                                          →

                                                              CREATE

5. Click on "Create".

YOUR APPWAN SUMMARY

Your AppWAN has been created! A network summary is below.

What's next? Finish connecting your network by registering new clients and gateways.

| HINT | NEW CLIENTS
Share Client Registration Info | ↗ | HINT | NEW GATEWAYS
Tap to Launch and Register | |

1 APPWAN NAME

DemoAppWan ✎

2 ENDPOINTS

CLIENTS   SHARE NEW CLIENTS

GATEWAYS   REGISTER NEW GATEWAYS

● YOURBRANCHGATEWAYNAME ⬆

3 SERVICES

SERVICE DEFINITIONS

● DemoServiceSsh ⬆

4 ENDPOINT GROUPS

GROUPS

6. Done

AppWan successfully configured would look like this.

YOUR APPWAN SUMMARY

Your AppWAN has been created! A network summary is below.

What's next? Finish connecting your network by registering new clients and gateways.

HINT	NEW CLIENTS		HINT	NEW GATEWAYS	
	Share Client Registration Info			Tap to Launch and Register	

1 APPWAN NAME

DemoAppWan

2 ENDPOINTS

CLIENTS   SHARE NEW CLIENTS

GATEWAYS   REGISTER NEW GATEWAYS

● **O365GW**

3 SERVICES

SERVICE DEFINITIONS

● **SharePoint-OneDrive-01**
● **SharePoint-OneDrive-02**
● **SharePoint-OneDrive-03**
● **SharePoint-OneDrive-04**
● **SharePoint-OneDrive-05**

4 ENDPOINT GROUPS

GROUPS

Want to add another environment with the same services or endpoints?

TAP TO CLONE

Create and install NF Client

This section will guide a user through the steps on how to create a client in the NF Console UI. Then, it will provide links to Guides on how to install the NetFoundry Client Software for Windows and MAC Clients, including the registration with the NF Network Fabric.

1. Navigate to Manage Clients Page
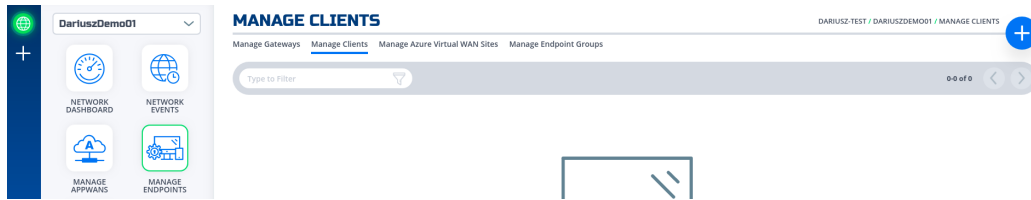
2. Click on + sign in the top right corner.

3. Fill in the required information and click on "Create"
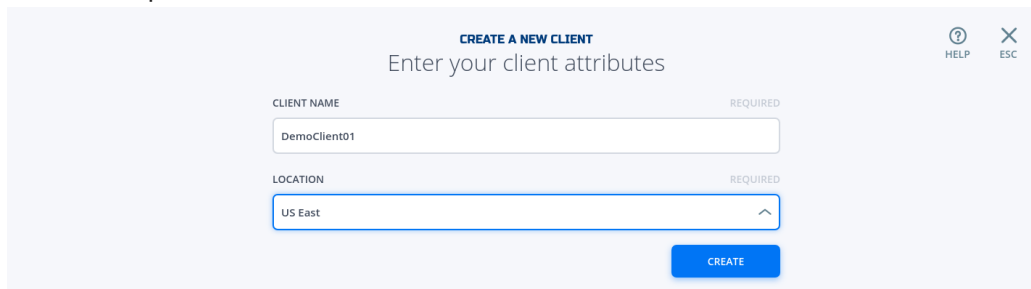
4. Copy the Client Registration Key
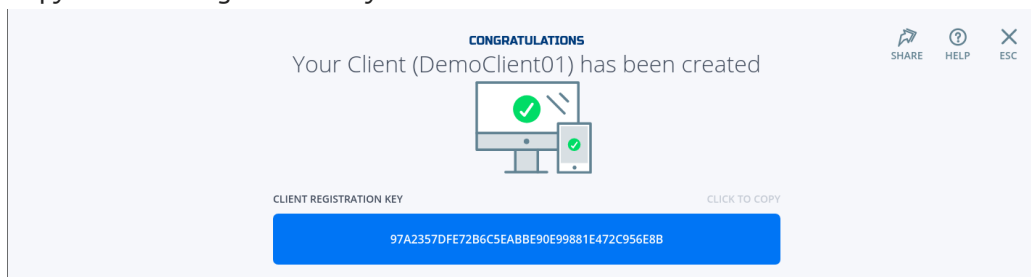
5. Install the NF Client Software by following the directions at the appropriate OS link

    a. Window

    b. Mac

6. Add this Endpoint to the AppWan

7. Once endpoint is added to the AppWan, here is what the services tab should look like.
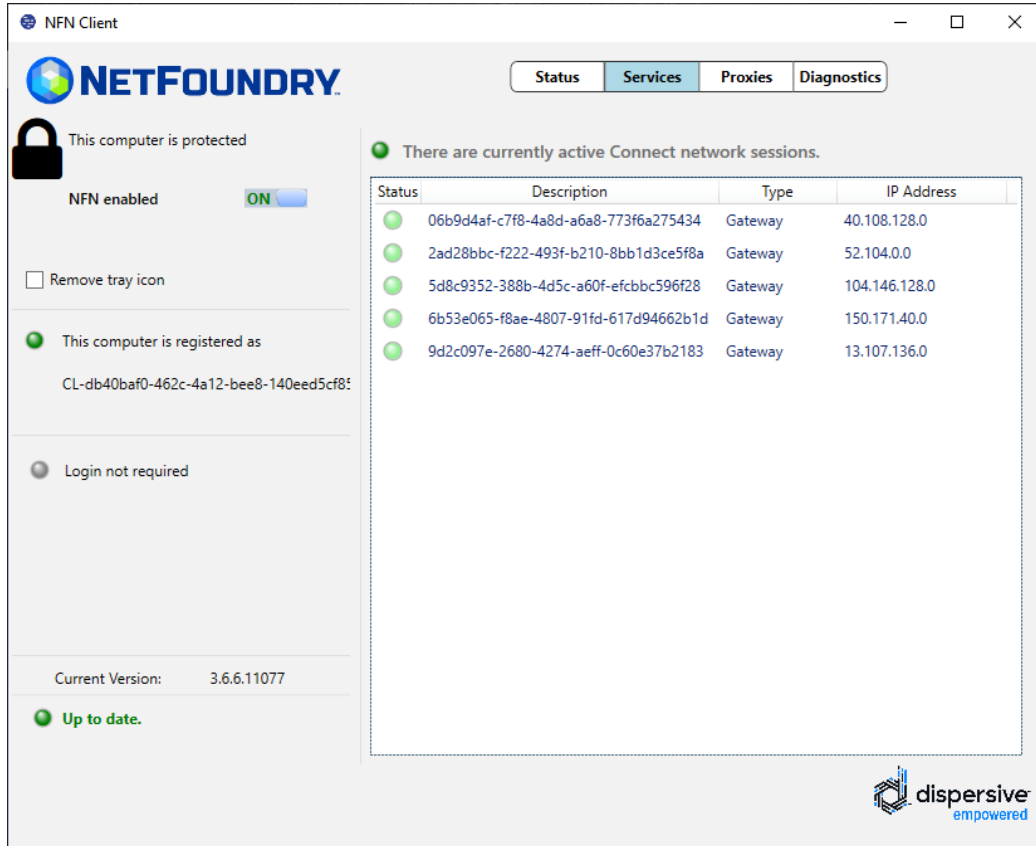
Programmatically

Create via Python and Terraform

> **🔢 Python Modules**
>
> For the code clarity, we have broken down the code into multiple Python modules
>
> 1. NF REST CRUD (Create,Read, Update and Delete) operations
> 2. Get MOP Session Token
> 3. Create NF Network
> 4. Create NF Gateway(s)
> 5. Create NF Service(s)
> 6. Create NF AppWan(s)
> 7. Wrapper Script to Create NF Resources based on Resource yaml file

🔳 Environment Setup Requirements

1. `~/.env` to store NF Credentials in (e.g. `clientId, clientSecret`) to obtain a session token for NF API

2. Export Azure Credentials (e.g, `export ARM_TENANT_ID, ARM_CLIENT_ID, ARM_CLIENT_SECRET, ARM_SUBSCRIPTION_ID`) to enable resource gateway creation in Azure Resource Group via Terraform.

3. Terraform and Python3 installed in path.

Additional Information:

1. The new Resource Group in Azure is created based on then name provided in Resource yml, if one does not exist already in the same region (e.g. centralus). The action delete gateway will delete the RG as well even if it was an existing RG. If one does not want to delete the RG, the command `terraform state rm "{tf resource name for RG}"` needs to be run before running the gateway delete step. This will ensure that the RG is not deleted.

2. A new vNet will be created and NF Gateway will be placed in it.

3. Environment means the NF Console Environment used (e.g. production), not Azure.

📑 Steps

1. Clone this repo (git clone https://github.com/netfoundry/mop.git)

2. Change directory to mop: `cd mop`

3. Update `quickstarts/docs/api/python/etc/nf_resources.yml` as so:

```yaml
environment: production
network_action: create
network_name: NetworkO365
gateway_list:
- action: create
  cloud: azure
  count: 1
  names:
  - GATEWAY-O365-01
  region: "region found by the connectivity test, e.g. eastus"
  regionalCidr:
  - 10.20.10.0/24
  regkeys: []
  resourceGroup:
    name: "you resource RG Name"
    region: "region of your RG"
  tag: null
services:
- action: create
  gateway: GATEWAY-O365-01
  name: SharePointOneDrive01
  netCidr: 22
  netIp: 13.107.136.0
  type: network
- action: create
  gateway: GATEWAY-O365-01
  name: SharePointOneDrive02
  netCidr: 17
  netIp: 40.108.128.0
  type: network
- action: create
  gateway: GATEWAY-O365-01
  name: SharePointOneDrive03
  netCidr: 14
  netIp: 52.104.0.0
  type: network
- action: create
  gateway: GATEWAY-O365-01
  name: SharePointOneDrive04
  netCidr: 17
  netIp: 104.146.128.0
  type: network
- action: create
  gateway: GATEWAY-O365-01
  name: SharePointOneDrive05
  netCidr: 22
  netIp: 150.171.40.0
  type: network
appwans:
- action: create
  endpoints: []
```

```
    name: AppWanSharepoint
    services:
    - SharePointOneDrive01
    - SharePointOneDrive02
    - SharePointOneDrive03
    - SharePointOneDrive04
    - SharePointOneDrive05
terraform:
  bin: terraform
  output: 'no'
  source: ./quickstarts/docs/terraform
  work_dir: .
```

4. Run this from the root folder (mop) to create network, gateway, services, and appwan throuhg NF API and deploy Virtual Machine to host NF Gateway in your Azure RG.

```
python3 quickstarts/docs/api/python/source/netfoundry/nf_resources.py --file quickstarts/docs/api/
python/etc/nf_resources.yml
```

5. Run this command if to keep RG (replace "RG Region" with your RG's region, e.g. centralus)

```
terraform state rm module."RG Region"_rg.azurerm_resource_group.terraformgroup
```

6. Once the script is finished, all the resources in NF Console and Azure RG will have been deployed.

> 🗒 **Note**
>
> If something went wrong, please check logoutput.txt file generated in the root directory for details on any errors that may have occurred during the deployment.

Create Windows Client via Powershell

This section provides the powershell code to spin up a NF client with the name as computer name fetched by PS script.

1. Here are the parameters used in the script few needs to be changed to suit your need for eg. network_name and region_ name.

```
clientId /secret: from NF console steps below.
environment: Production
network_name: e.g. DemoNet01
audience: URI for the Auth0
api_endpoint: URI for the API calls
region_name: The region_name is the reference region or location where client will be created
            (reference closest AWS location) e.g.us-east-1
provider: AWS
```

2. To create a unique client we can use second half of computer name below powershell cmdlet will fetch the same.

```
#Set Endpoint name to second half of computer name:
$endpoint_name = $ENV:COMPUTERNAME.Split("-")[-1]
```

3. This section creates an access token by an api call using parameters defined earlier.

```
# Get a auth token from Auth0
$auth_payload = @{
    client_id=$client_id
    client_secret=$client_secret
    audience=$audience
    grant_type='client_credentials'
}
$auth_json = $auth_payload | ConvertTo-Json

$post_uri =  "https://netfoundry-" + $environment + ".auth0.com/oauth/token"

$auth0_response = Invoke-RestMethod -Method Post -Uri $post_uri -ContentType 'application/json' -
Body $auth_json

$token = $auth0_response.access_token

#Inserting auth token to headers for API calls
$headers = New-Object "System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary[[String],[String]]"
$headers.add("Authorization", ("Bearer " + $token))
```

4. This is how to get datacenterId and networkId which basically makes an API call to strips off unwanted information. This information will be used to create client later.

```
# Get a dataCenter ID:

$datacenter_uri = $api_endpoint + "/dataCenters"

$dataCenter_response = Invoke-RestMethod -Method Get -Uri $datacenter_uri -ContentType
'application/json' -Headers $headers

$dataCenter = $dataCenter_response._embedded.dataCenters | where { $_.locationCode -like
$region_name -and $_.provider -like $provider } | select _links
```

```
$dataCenterId = ($dataCenter._links.self.href).Split("/")[-1]
```

```
# Get a Network ID:

$network_uri = $api_endpoint + "/networks"

$network_response = Invoke-RestMethod -Method Get -Uri $network_uri -ContentType 'application/
json' -Headers $headers

$network = $network_response._embedded.networks | where { $_.name -like $network_name } | select
_links

$networkrId = ($network._links.self.href).Split("/")[-1]
```

5. Below section of the script uses computername, networkId and datacenterId from above sections to make API call create a NF client and fetch the regitration key.

```
# Create an Endpoint & get reg key
$endpoint_uri = $api_endpoint + "/networks/" + $networkrId + "/endpoints"
$endpoint_payload  = @{
    name = $endpoint_name
    endpointType = "CL"
    dataCenterId = $dataCenterId
}
$endpoint_json = $endpoint_payload | ConvertTo-Json
$endpoint_response  = Invoke-RestMethod -Method Post -Uri $endpoint_uri -ContentType 'application/
json' -Body $endpoint_json -Headers $headers
$endpoint_registration_key = $endpoint_response.registrationKey
```

6. This section will run a registration script silently to register the NF client.

```
# Run registration script
Start-Process -FilePath C:\"Program Files"\DVN\vtc_app\nfnreg $endpoint_registration_key
```

7. Once you download PS script onto your laptop and update it with your network details, run the following in the directory containing the script:

```
.\NF-pwrshell.ps1
```

8. Update the following section of the resources.yaml file referenced at the beginning of the last section.

```
appwans:
- action: create
  endpoints:
   - "your endpoint name"
```

9. Run resources.py script to add the newly created endpoint to the same AppWan.

```
python3 quickstarts/docs/api/python/source/netfoundry/nf_resources.py --file quickstarts/docs/api/
python/etc/nf_resources.yml
```

10. Once endpoint is added to the AppWan, here is what the services tab should look like.
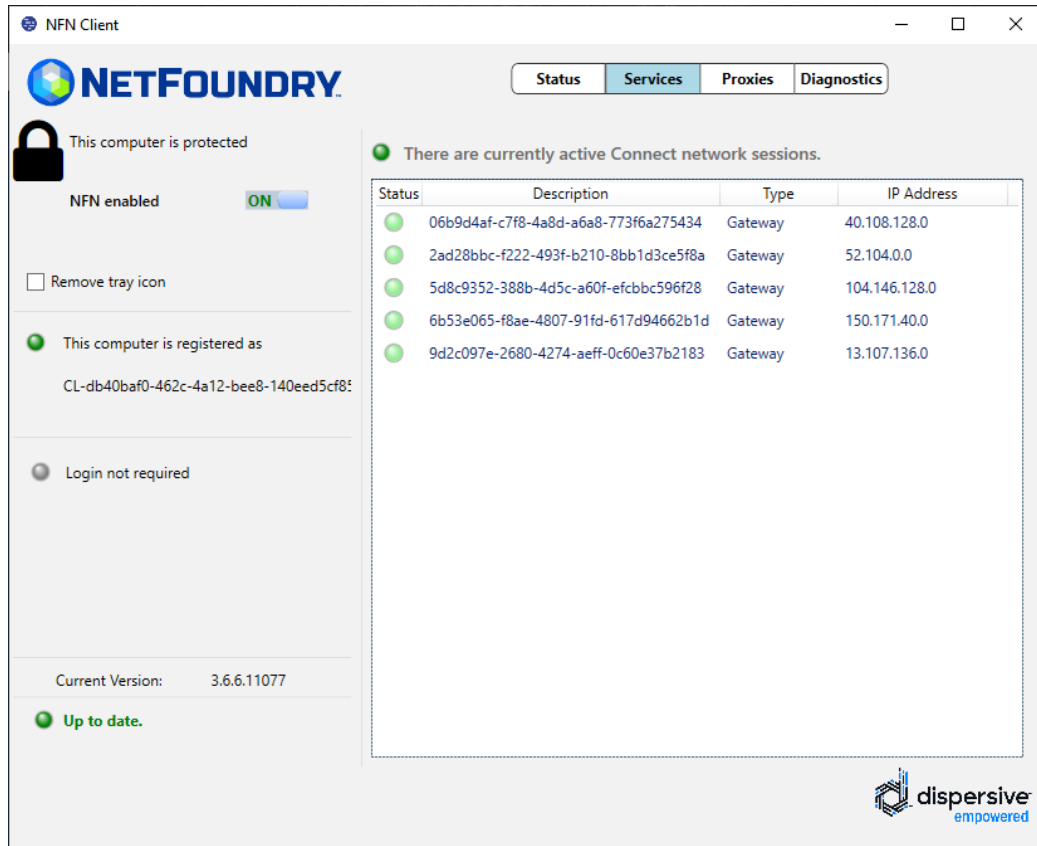
Performance Testing

Verifying the performance through testing

Note

Recommended way of accessing Ondrive is through the Windows App with File Explorer. If access to OneDrive is required using a browser than Firefox is recommended by NetFoundry to get best performance.

1. Map your Business OneDrive to your local file system if not already done so.

2. Make sure the NF App is enabled.

3. Transfer large files between remote and local drive to test the performance.

4. Disable the NF App and repeat the previous step to compare the performance.

5. The performance should be at least the same if not better.

Programmatically

Delete via Python and Terraform

🔢 Steps

1. Change all actions to delete in `quickstarts/docs/api/python/etc/nf_resources.yml` as so:

```yaml
environment: production
network_action: delete
network_name: Network0365
gateway_list:
- action: delete
  cloud: azure
  count: 1
  names:
  - GATEWAY-0365-01
  region: eastus
  regionalCidr:
  - 10.20.10.0/24
  regkeys: []
  resourceGroup:
    name: RG_0365_Demo
    region: centralus
  tag: null
services:
- action: delete
  gateway: GATEWAY-0365-01
  name: SharePointOneDrive01
  netCidr: 22
  netIp: 13.107.136.0
  type: network
- action: delete
  gateway: GATEWAY-0365-01
  name: SharePointOneDrive02
  netCidr: 17
  netIp: 40.108.128.0
  type: network
- action: delete
  gateway: GATEWAY-0365-01
  name: SharePointOneDrive03
  netCidr: 14
  netIp: 52.104.0.0
  type: network
- action: delete
  gateway: GATEWAY-0365-01
  name: SharePointOneDrive04
  netCidr: 17
  netIp: 104.146.128.0
  type: network
- action: delete
  gateway: GATEWAY-0365-01
  name: SharePointOneDrive05
  netCidr: 22
  netIp: 150.171.40.0
  type: network
appwans:
- action: delete
  endpoints: []
  name: AppWanSharepoint
  services:
  - SharePointOneDrive01
  - SharePointOneDrive02
```

```
          - SharePointOneDrive03
          - SharePointOneDrive04
          - SharePointOneDrive05
  terraform:
    bin: terraform
    output: 'no'
    source: ./quickstarts/docs/terraform
    work_dir: .
```

2. Run this from the root folder (mop) to delete network, gateway, services, and appwan through NF API and destroy Virtual Machine hosting NF Gateway in your Azure RG.

```
python3 quickstarts/docs/api/python/source/netfoundry/nf_resources.py --file quickstarts/docs/api/
python/etc/nf_resources.yml
```